

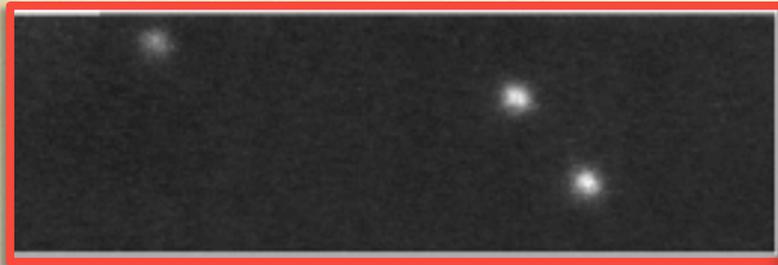
X-ray emission from isolated pulsars

Sandro Mereghetti
INAF - IASF Milano

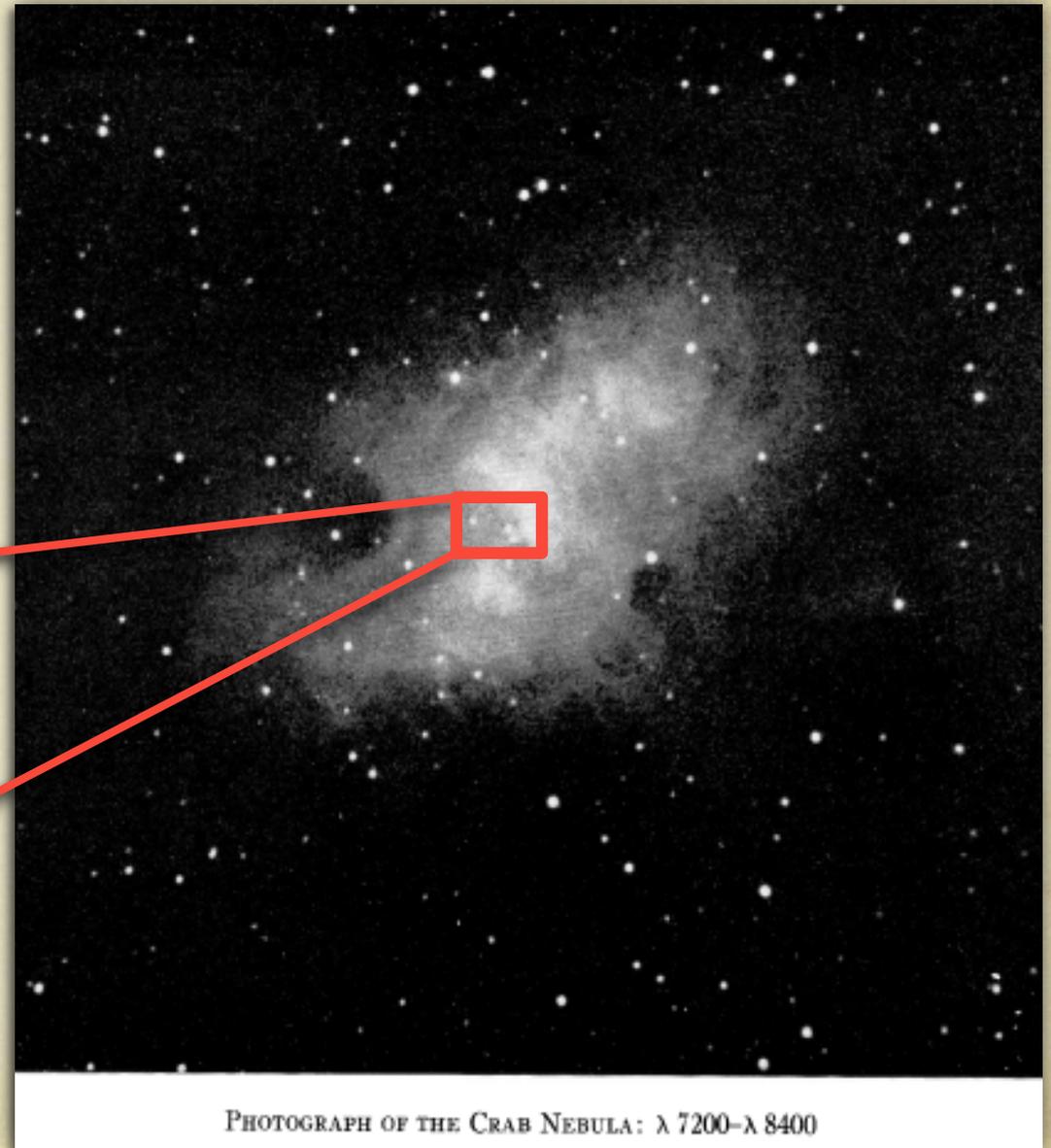
First seen neutron stars...

- OPTICAL

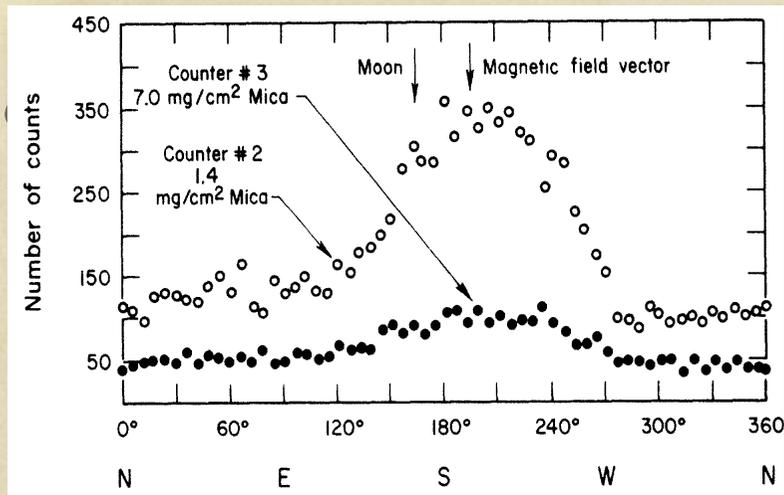
1942: Crab pulsar



The “south, preceding star” $V \approx 16$
at the center of the Crab Nebula
(Baade 1942, Minkowski 1942)



First seen neutron stars...



○ X-RAYS

1962: Sco X-1 (Giacconi+ 1962)

1964: Tau X-1 (Bowyer+ 1964)

1967 June: Crab PSR at > 20 keV
(Fishman+ 1969)

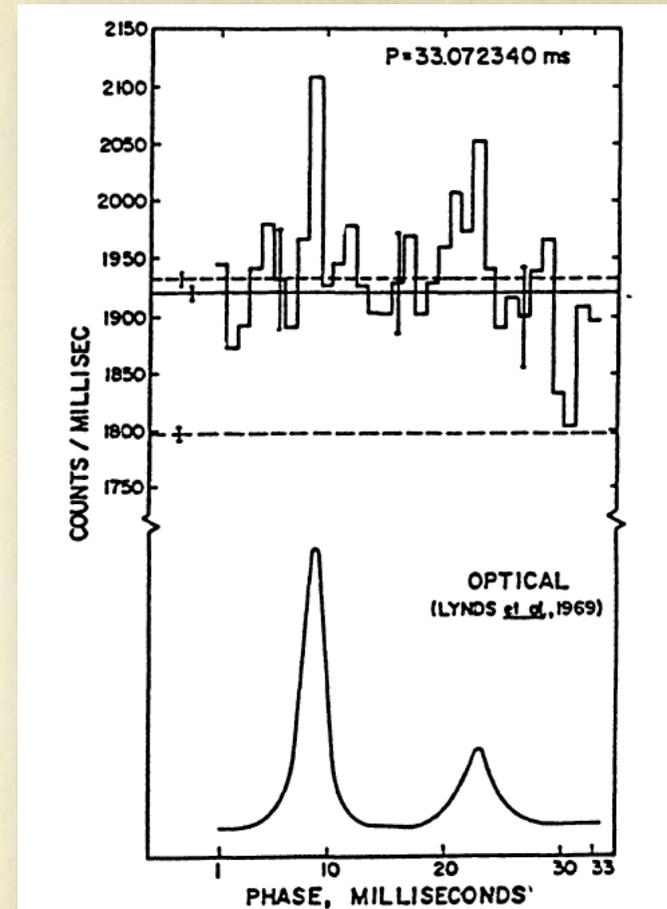


Fig. 5. The discovery from Rice balloon data of pulsed X-rays > 20 keV from NPO532 which were

... before the discovery of radio pulsars

Outline

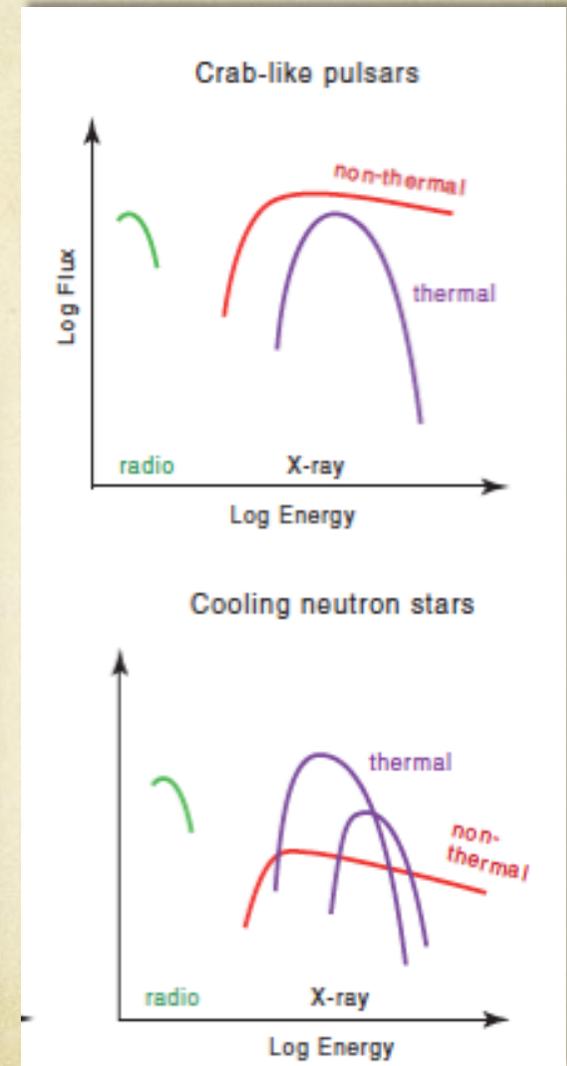
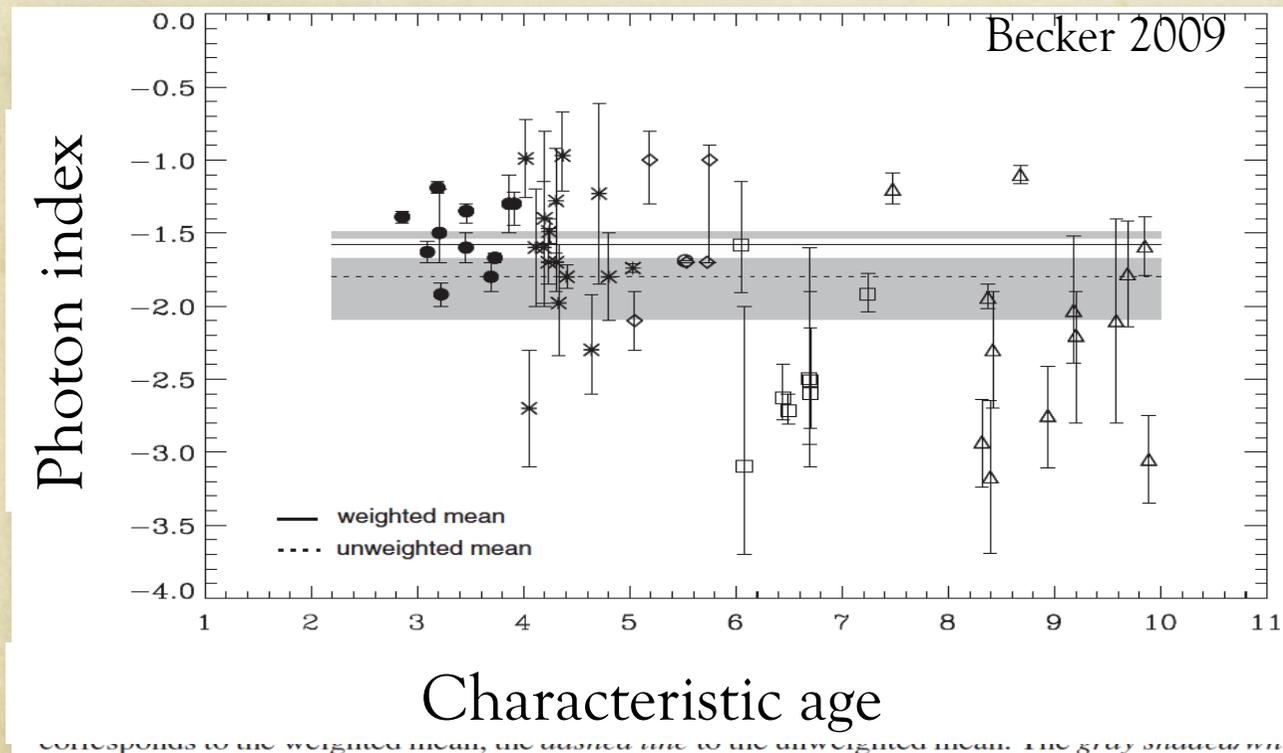
1. NON - THERMAL EMISSION
2. THERMAL EMISSION
3. LINES
4. VARIABILITY

Mainly on results since PNS 2011

My apologies for incompleteness....

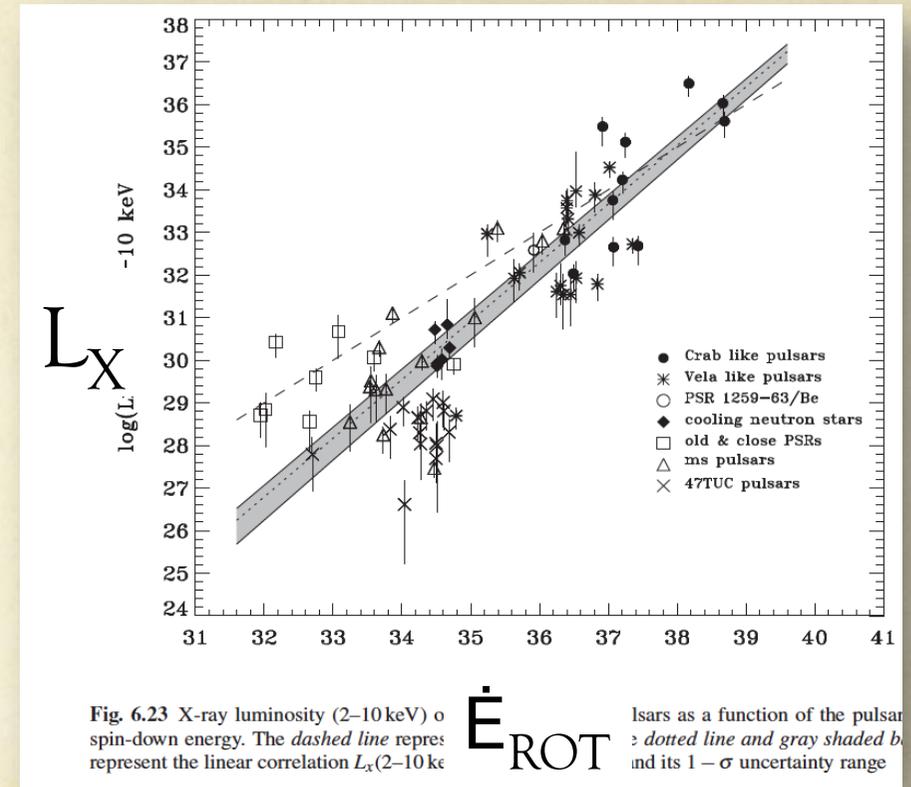
Non-thermal emission: basic facts

- Dominates in youngest/most energetic NS
...but present in (almost) all NS classes
- Pulsations – Power-law spectra



Non-thermal emission: basic facts

- Dominates in youngest / most energetic NS
...but present in (almost) all NS classes
- Pulsations – Power-law spectra
- Charges accelerated in magnetosphere at the expense of rotational energy
 $L_X \approx 10^{-3} \dot{E}_{\text{ROT}}$ (large scatter)
- Synchr. /Curvature radiation + Inv. Compton



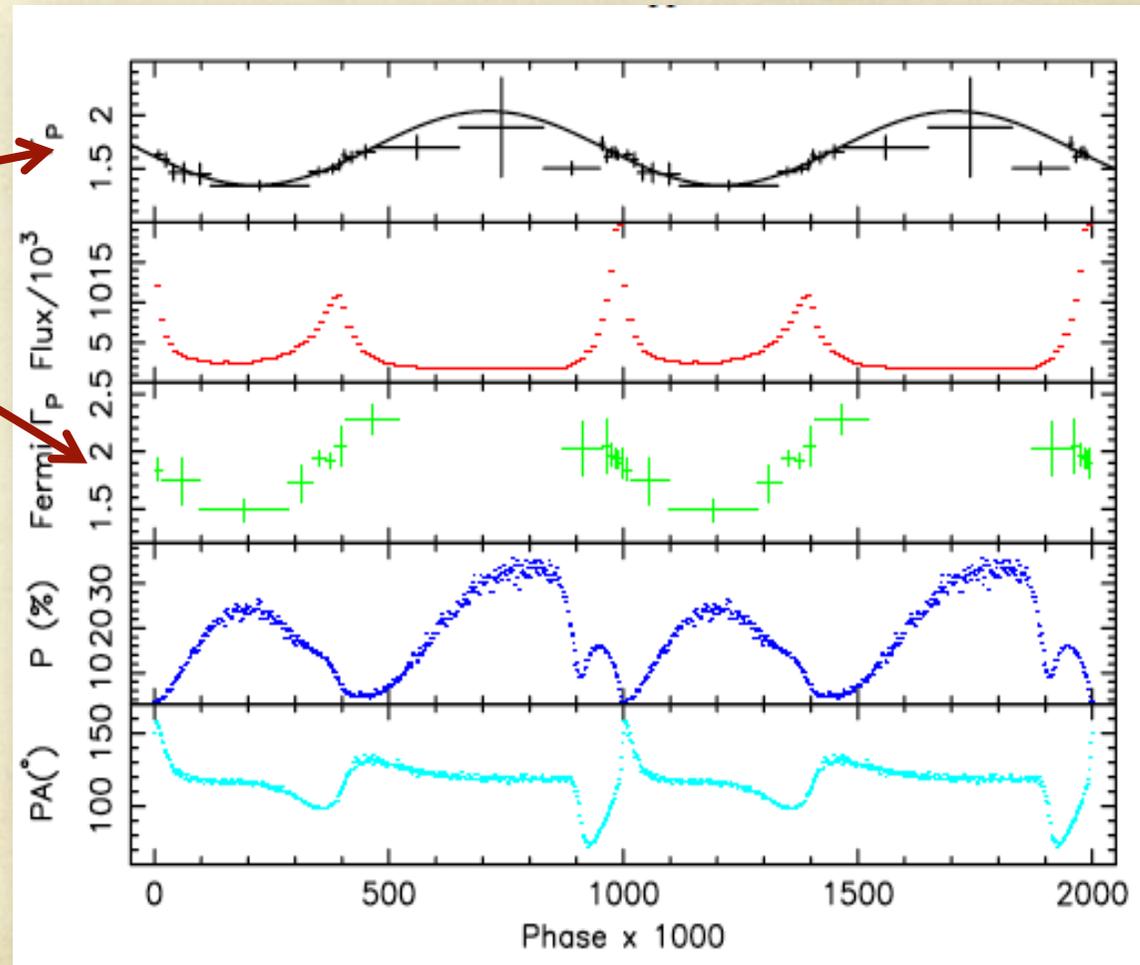
Crab PSR: phase-resolved spectroscopy

Chandra

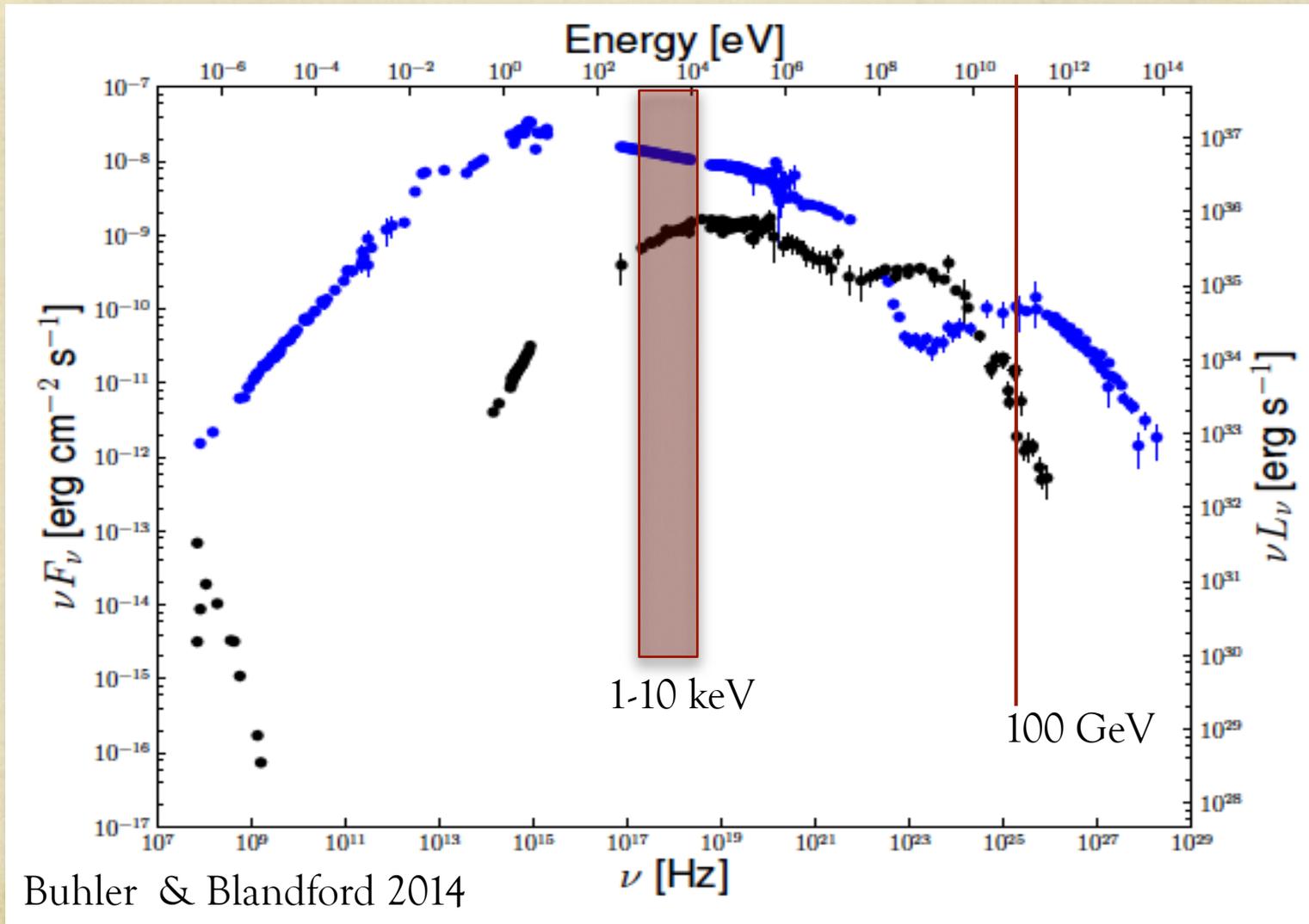
Weisskopf+ 2011

Same behavior
of X-ray
and γ -ray
photon index

Subtle correlations
with polarization
properties

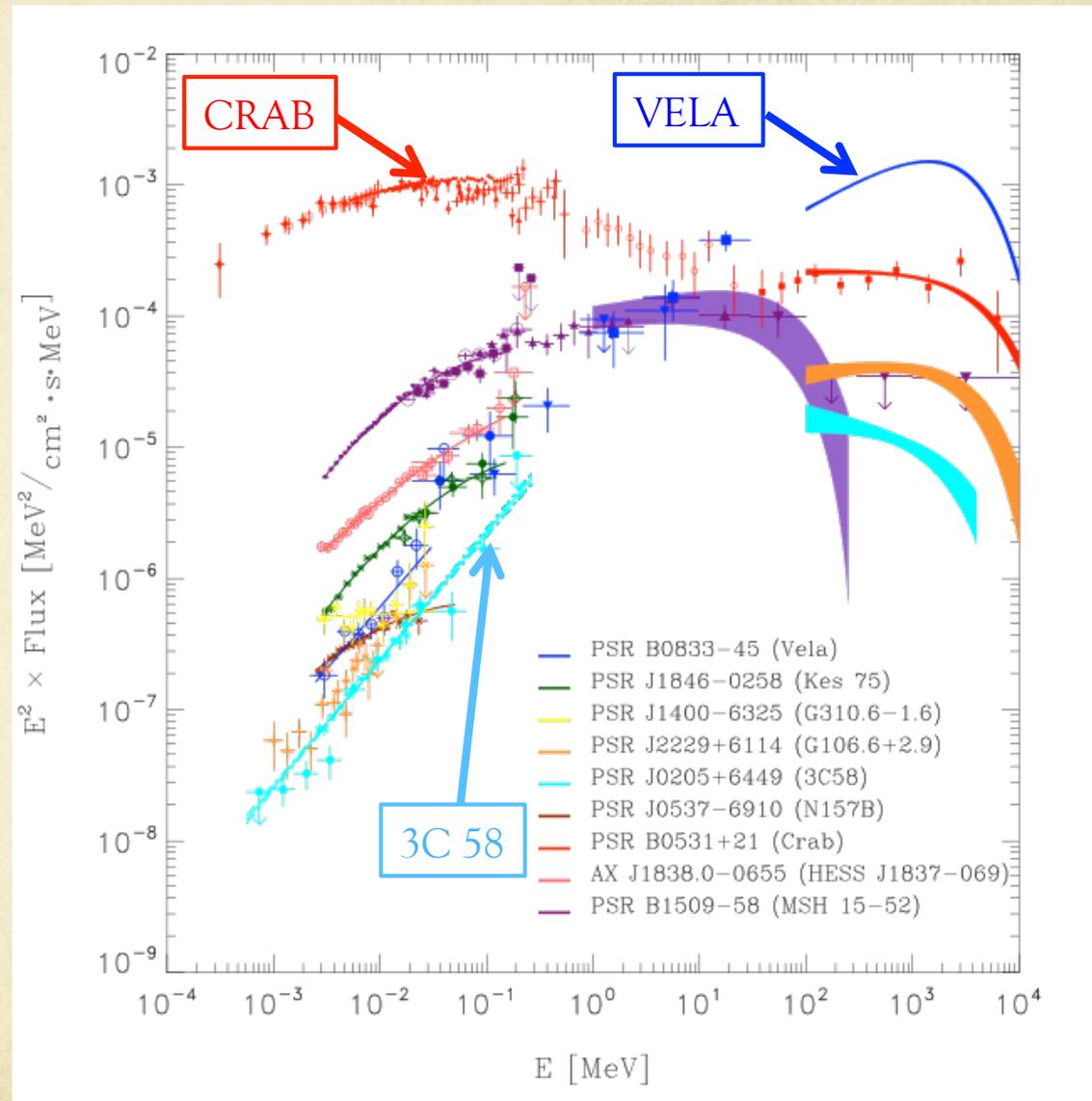


Crab SED: nebula and pulsar



The Crab is the best studied PSR...

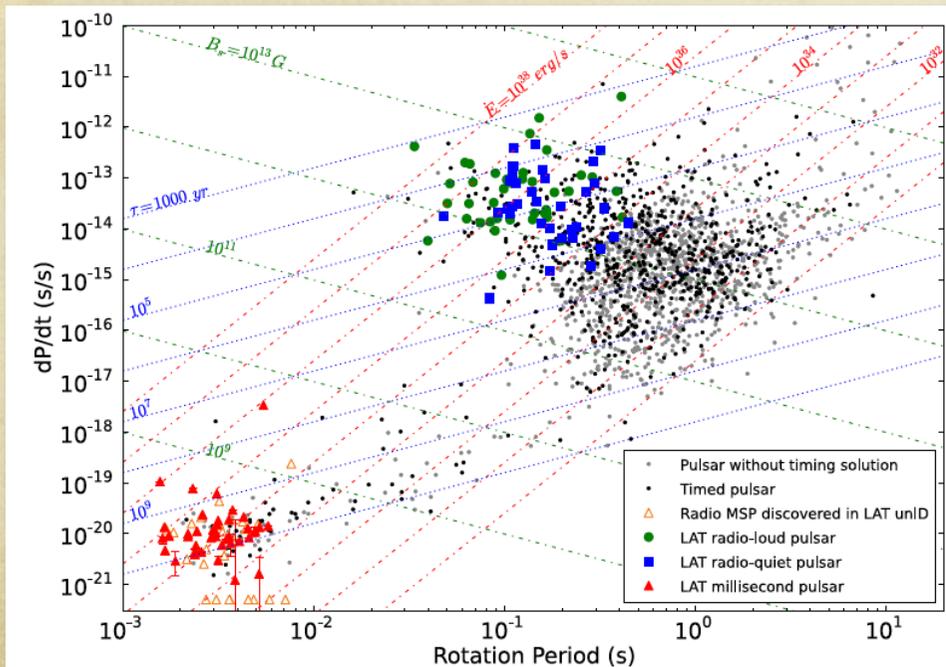
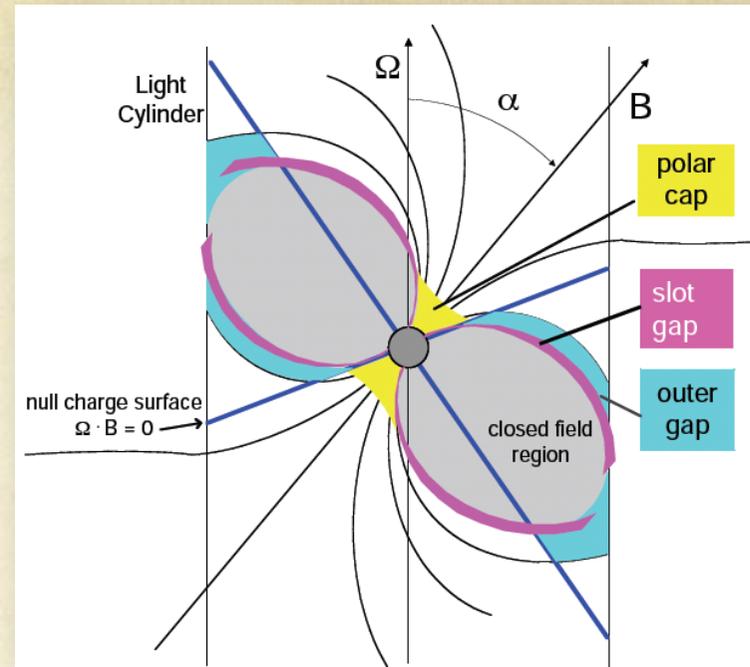
...but it is not representative of the whole population of X-ray and γ -ray pulsars !



See
L. Kuiper
talk

○ Emission in outer magnetosphere favored:

- Lack of super-exponential cut-off expected for magnetic pair production in γ -ray spectra
- Large number of gamma PSR not seen in radio



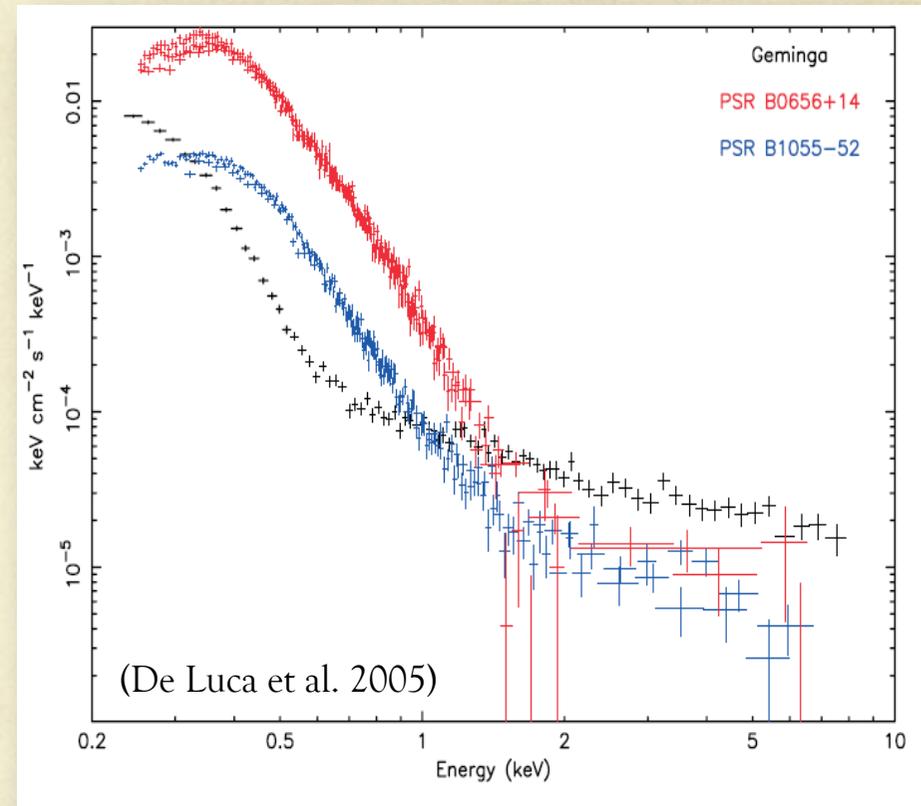
2° Fermi
PSR Catalog
Abdo+ 2013

See Pierbattista
and Timokhin
talks

2. Thermal emission

Thermal emission

- Best observed, e.g., in middle-aged NS and XDINS
- About 40 “coolers” (Vigano'+ 2014):
 - 11 RPP 7 XDINS
 - 4 CCOs 17-18 AXP_s/SGR_s



Thermal emission

○ Best observed, e.g., in middle-aged NS and XDINS

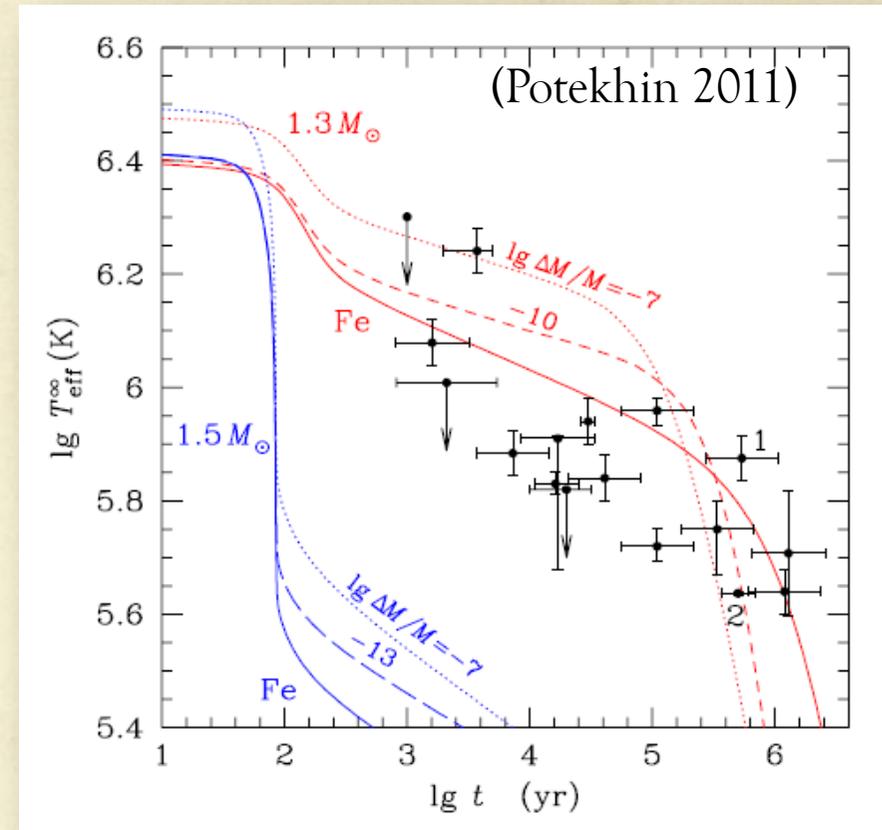
○ About 40 “coolers” (Vigano'+ 2014):

11 RPP	7 XDINS
4 CCOs	17-18 AXP _s /SGR _s

○ Uncertainties / caveats:

- Ages
- Distances
- Atmosphere composition and magnetization
- Non-uniform sample

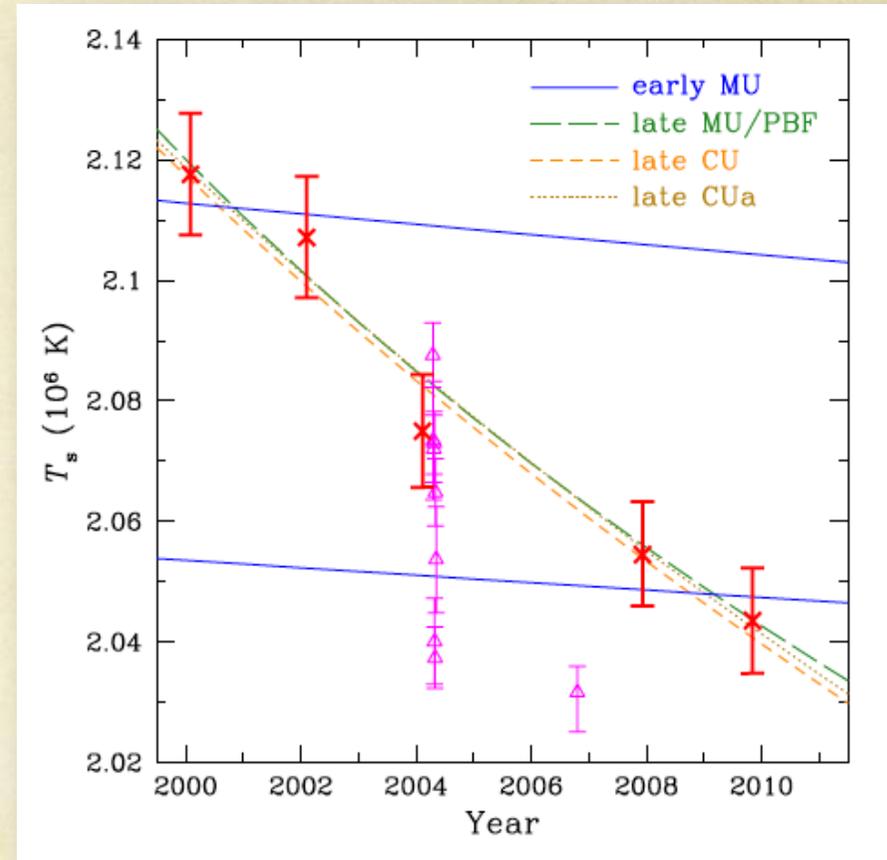
○ No evidence for fast cooling,but data do not exclude it



See Page /
Reisenegger
talks

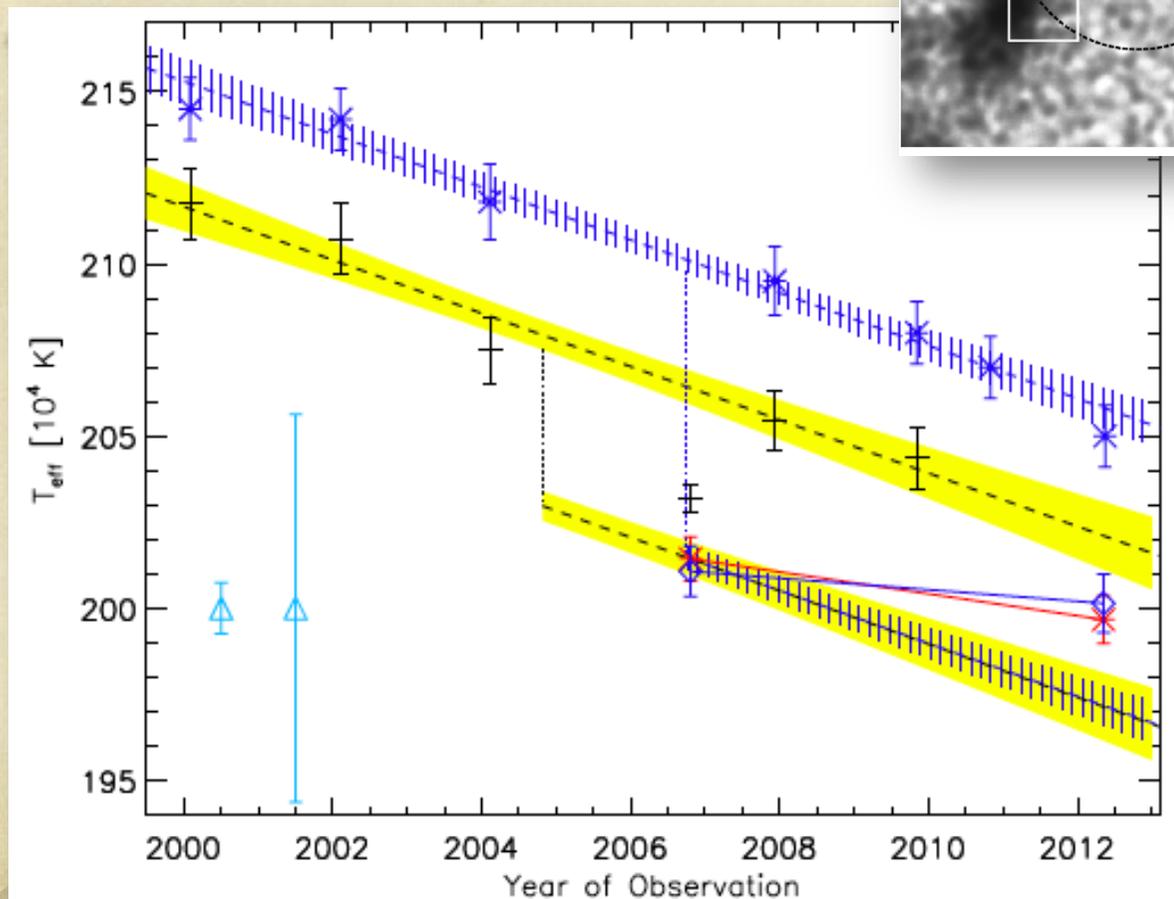
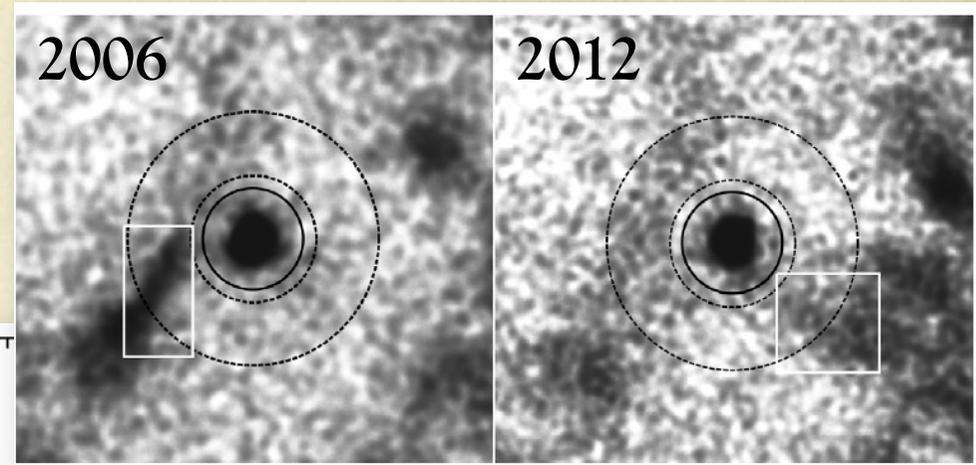
Fast (?) cooling of NS in Cas A

- No pulsations
($<12\%$ PF for $P > 10$ ms)
- C atmosphere, $R \approx 12-15$ km \rightarrow NS
(Ho & Heinke 2009)
- decrease 4% in T over 10 yrs
(21% in observed flux)
delayed thermal relaxation
(Heinke & Ho 2010)
- triplet-state N superfluid in core
steep T drop caused by ν emission
from CPF
(Shternin+ 2011, Page+ 2011)
- cooling significant only in ACIS-S
graded mode (which suffers pile-up
and CTI)
(Elshamouty+ 2013)



Fast (?) cooling of NS in Cas A

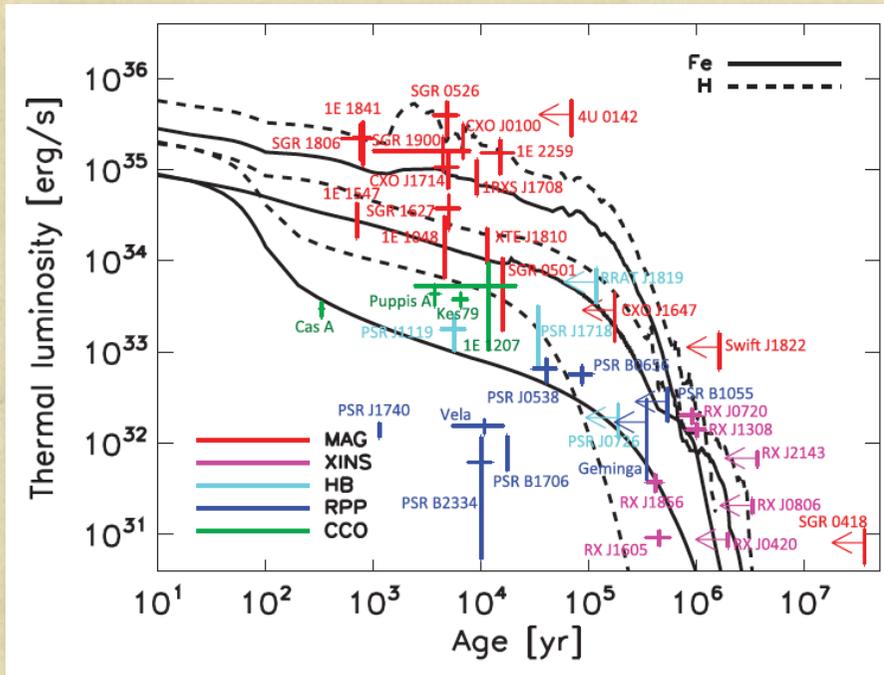
- ACIS-S faint mode in 2006 and 2012 (Posselt+ 2013)



- With C model $\Delta T < 1\%$ with significance $< 3 \sigma$
- No change with H model

Magneto-thermal evolution of INS

See Pons and Reisenegger talks

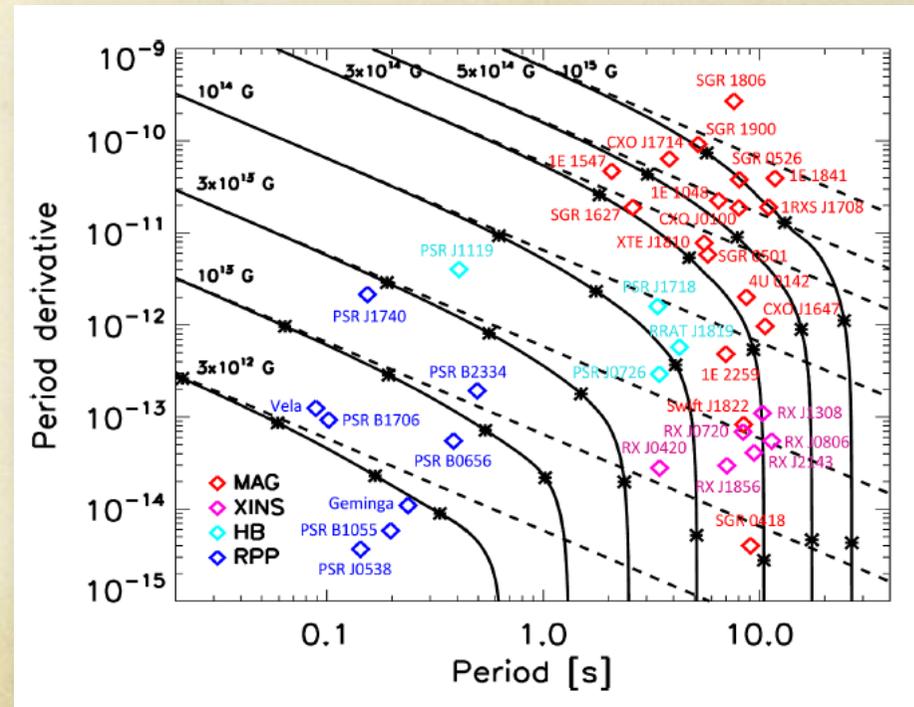


Aguilera+ 2008, Pons & Geppert 2007,
Pons+ 2009,2013, Vigano'+2012, 2014,

Explain variety of INS (timing and radiative properties) by coupled evolution of T and B

Variety of initial B, M and envelope composition

Evolutionary links between different classes



3. X-ray spectral lines

X-ray lines in INS

- A formidable diagnostic tool... (in principle!)

See, e.g., accreting NS, where lines are well established and interpreted as cyclotron resonance features from electrons in $B \approx 10^{12}-10^{13}$ G (→ e.g. Mushtukov talk)

- Lines reported in different classes of isolated NS: (CCOs, XDINSs, AXP_s/SGR_s, RRAT, RPP_s)

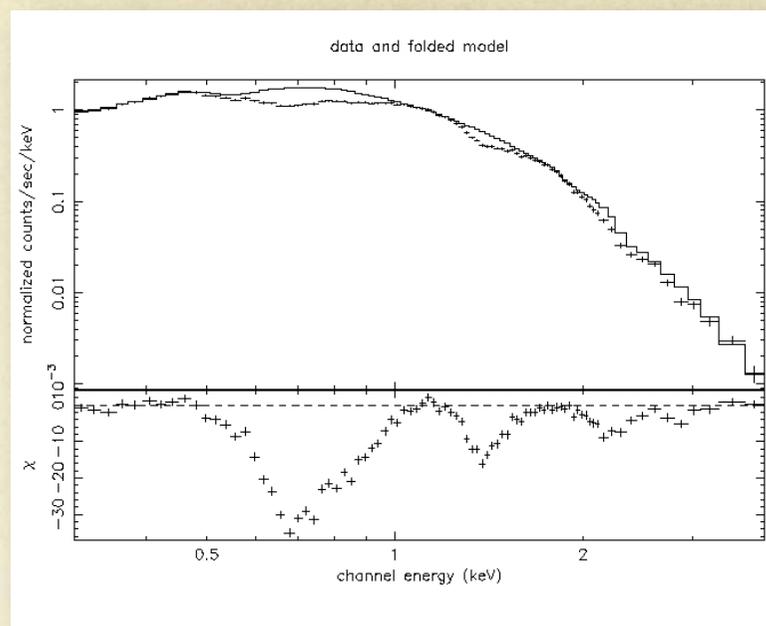
→ a variety of different situations and complex (sometimes unclear/controversial) results - no unique interpretation

X-ray lines in INS

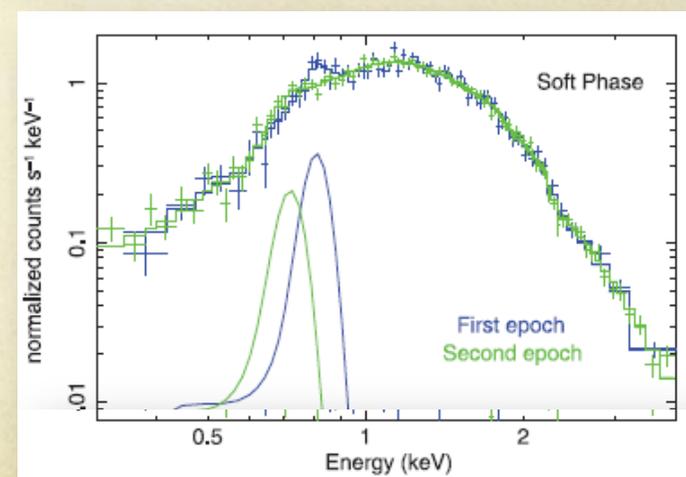
- CCOs:
 - Harmonically-spaced absorption lines in 1E 1207
(Sanwal+2002, Mereghetti+2002, Bignami+2003, De Luca+ 2004, Mori+ 2005)

$P=0.4$ s, $\dot{P}=2 \cdot 10^{-17}$ s/s
(Gotthelf+ 2013)

→ electron cyclotr. line in $B \approx 10^{11}$ G



- time-variable phase-dependent feature in PSR J0821 (in Pup A)
emiss. at 0.75 keV or abs. 0.45 keV ?
(Gotthelf & Halpern 2009, De Luca+2012, Gotthelf+ 2013)

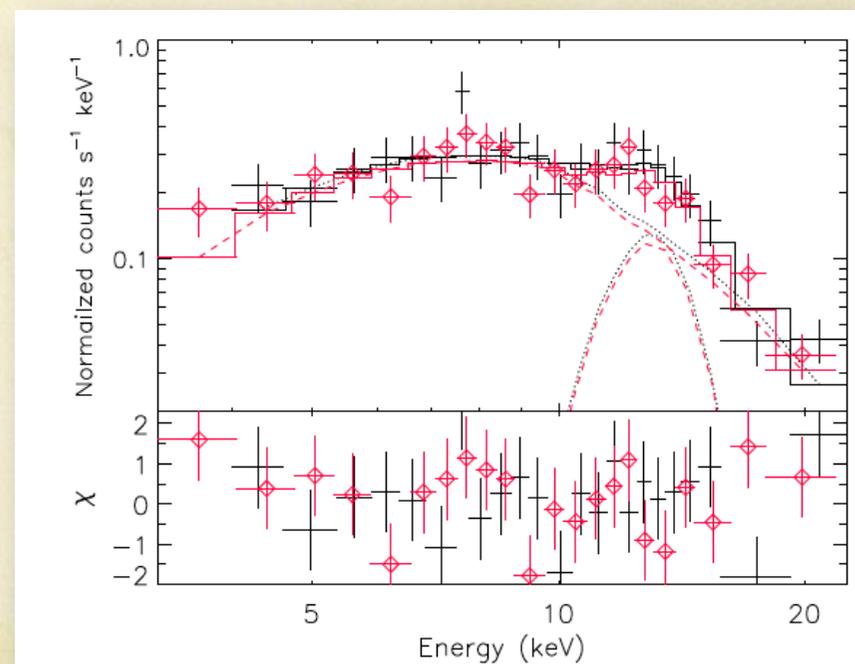


X-ray lines in INS

- XDINS:
 - Most have broad absorption lines
 - Proton cyclotron lines or atomic transitions in $B \approx 10^{13}$ G
 - No lines in RX J1856
- Magnetars
 - A few unconfirmed claims in phase-resolved spectra of persistent emission
 - Transient features during (some) bursts ($E \approx 14$ keV)
Recently confirmed with NuSTAR
 - Strong phase-dependent line in SGR 0418 (“low Pdot magnetar”)

See Kaplan talk

1E 1048 NuSTAR An+2014



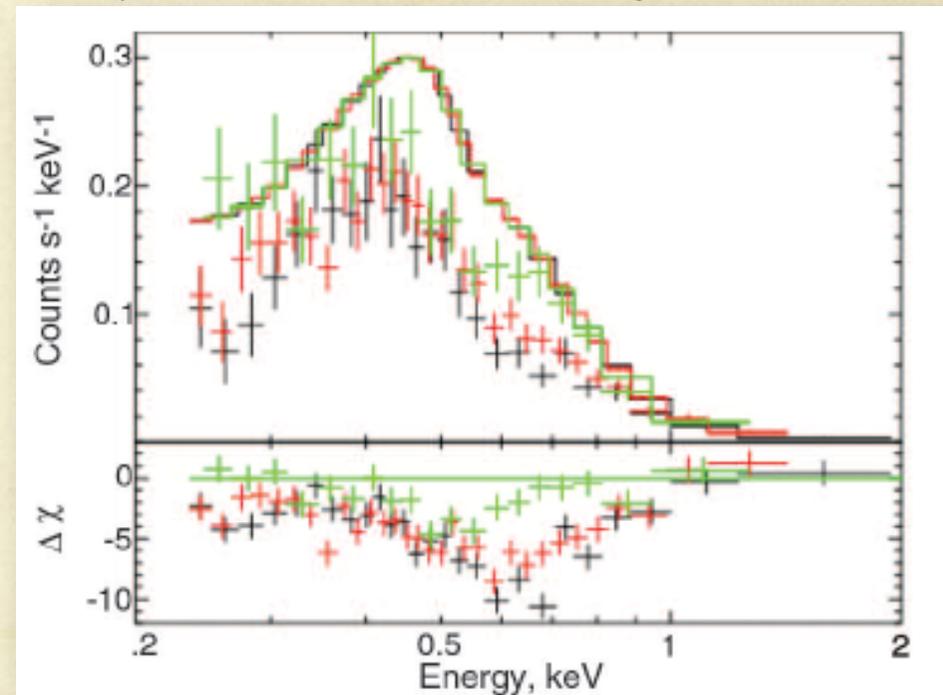
X-ray lines in INS

- RRAT PSR J1819 - absorption line at 1 keV
(McLaughlin+ 2005, Rea+ 2009, Camero-Arranz+ 2013)

- Normal RPP:
 - PSR J1740+1000
phase-dependent line at 0.5-0.7 keV
(Kargaltsev+ 2012)
 - Fermi pulsar PSR J0633+0632
(→ Danilenko talk)
 - Double pulsar PSR J0737-3039
(→ Egron talk)

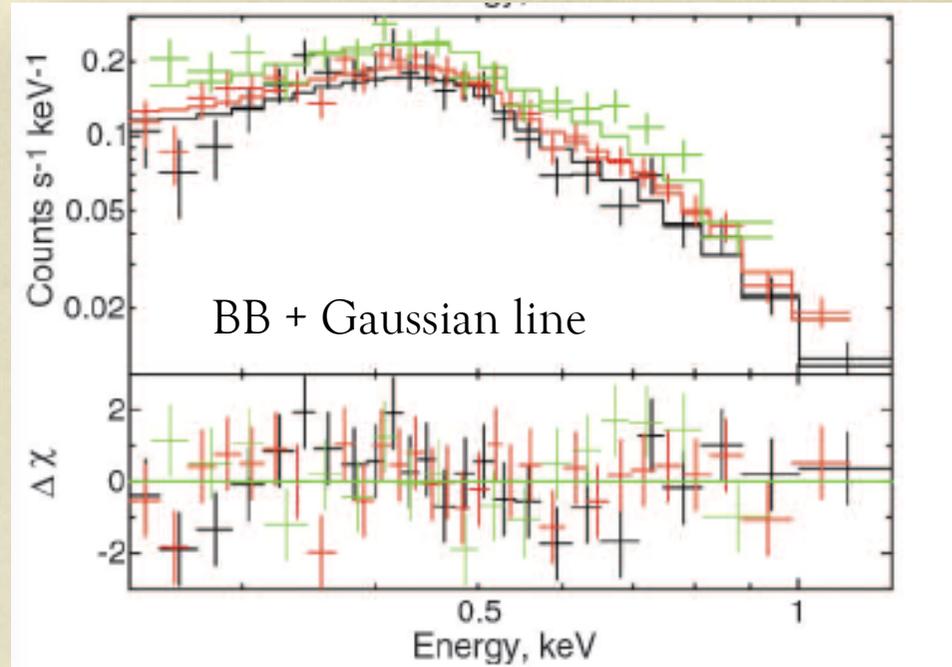
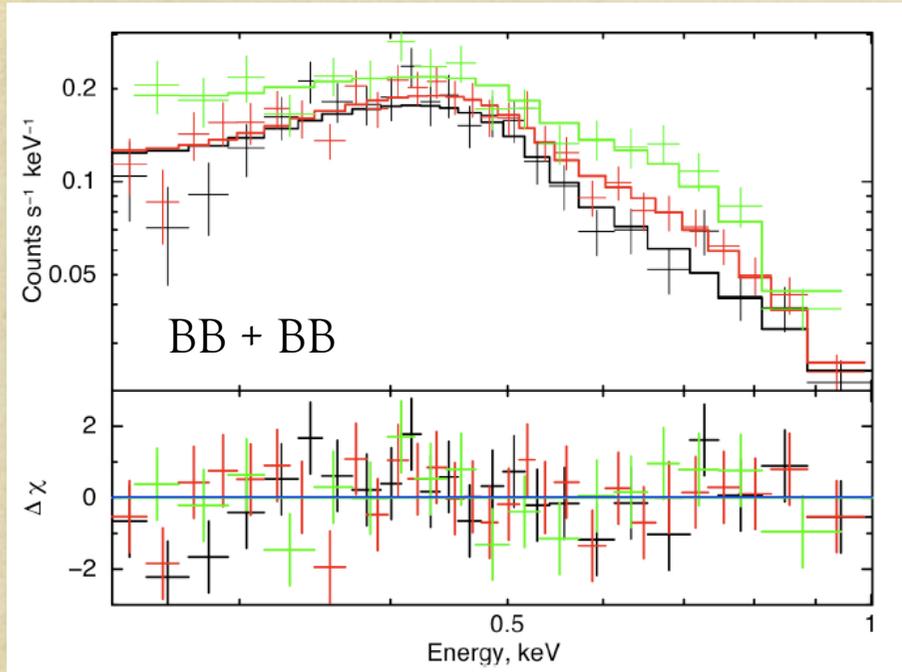
PSR J1740+1000

(Kargaltsev+ 2012)



PSR J1740+1000

(Kargaltsev+ 2012)



$P=154$ ms $\dot{P}=2 \cdot 10^{-14}$ s/s 2BB+PL spectrum

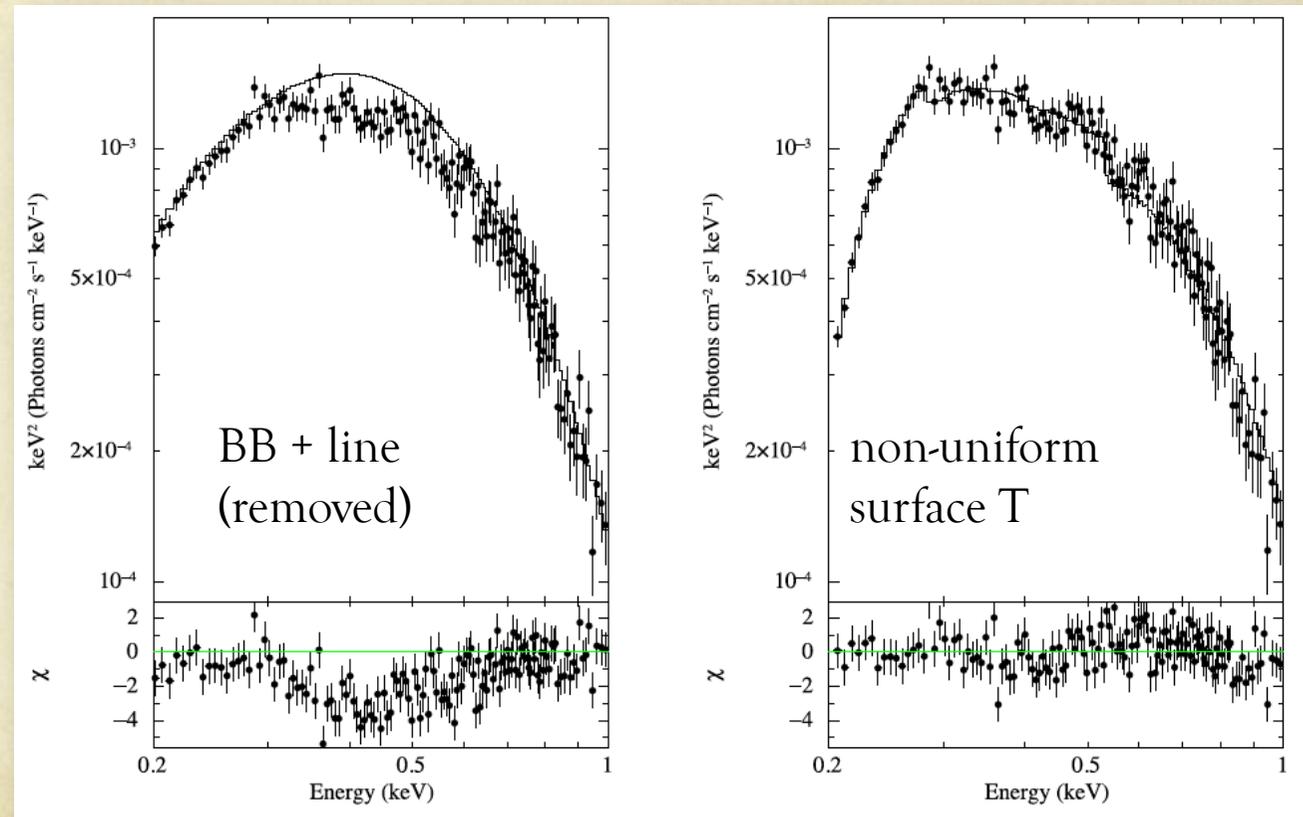
$\tau = 10^5$ yrs $B=1.8 \cdot 10^{12}$ G $\dot{E}_{\text{ROT}} = 2.3 \cdot 10^{35}$ erg/s

Atomic transitions in $Z>2$ elements or cyclotron line from electrons at few R_{NS} in magnetosphere

Caveat for broad lines in thermal spectra

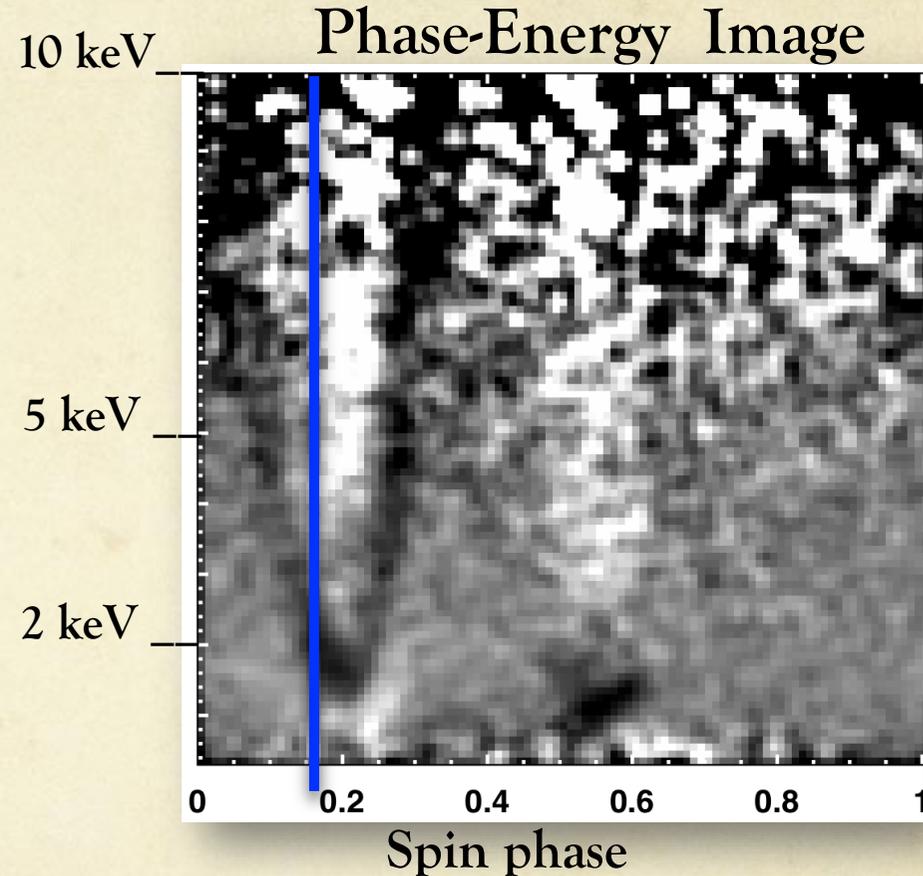
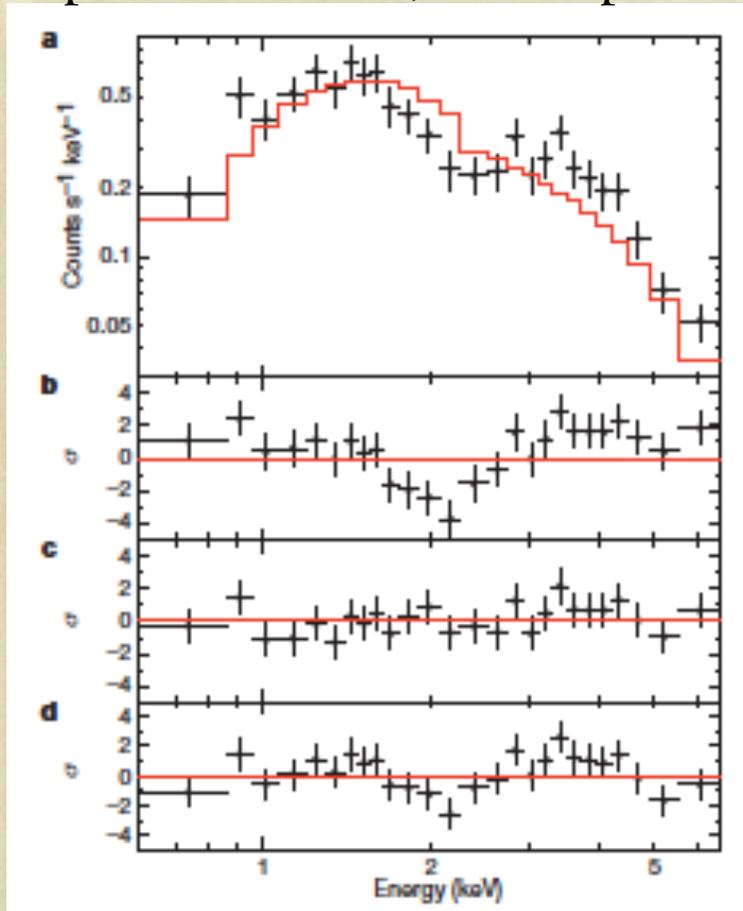
- Vigano'+ 2014 → Inhomogeneous surface temperature distributions can produce spectra which mimic broad absorption lines

XDIN RXJ 0806



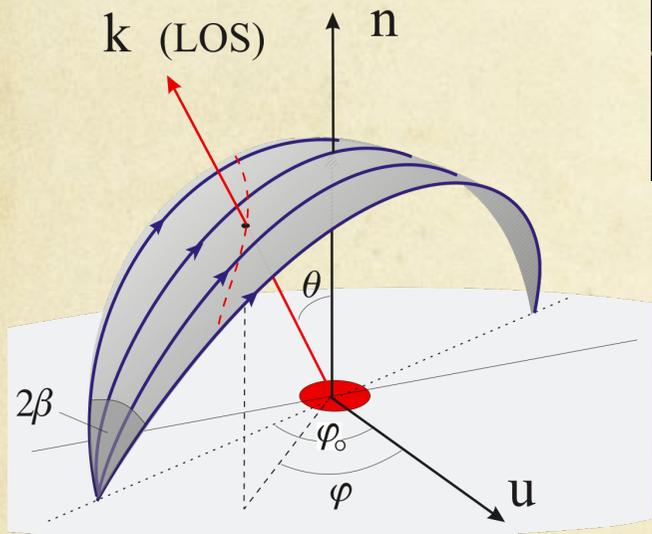
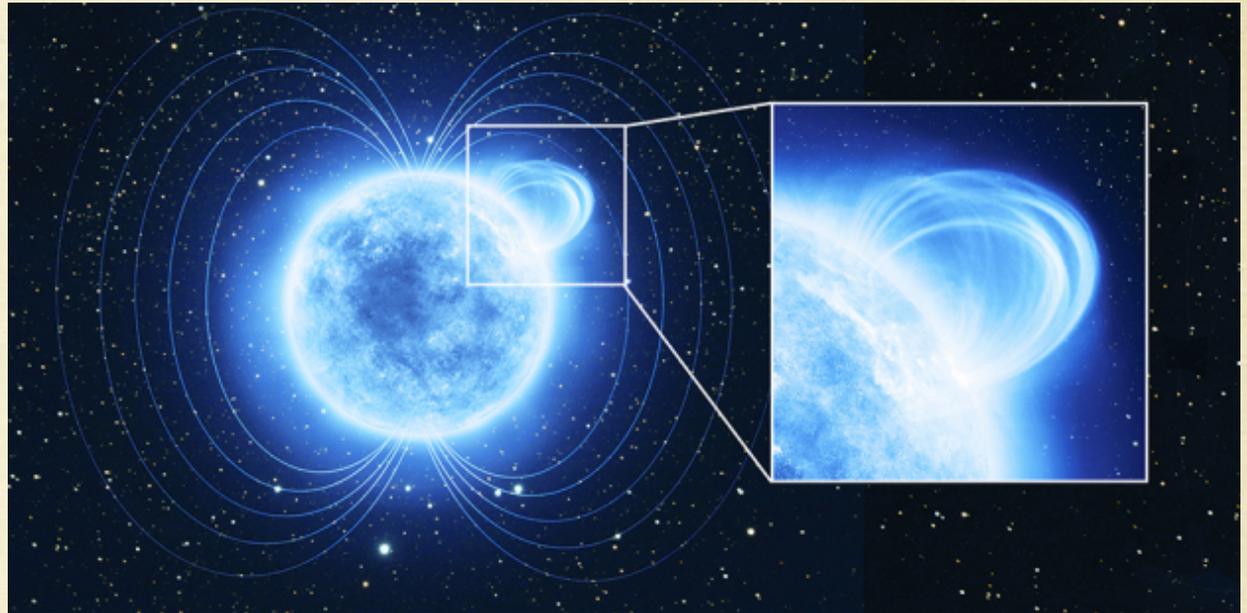
Absorption line at strongly phase-dependent energy in low-Pdot magnetar SGR 0418 (Tiengo+ 2013)

Spectrum of 1/50 of phase



Line center varies from
1 to 10 keV in $\Delta\phi \approx 0.1$

Absorption line at strongly phase-dependent energy in low-Pdot magnetar SGR 0418 (Tiengo+ 2013)



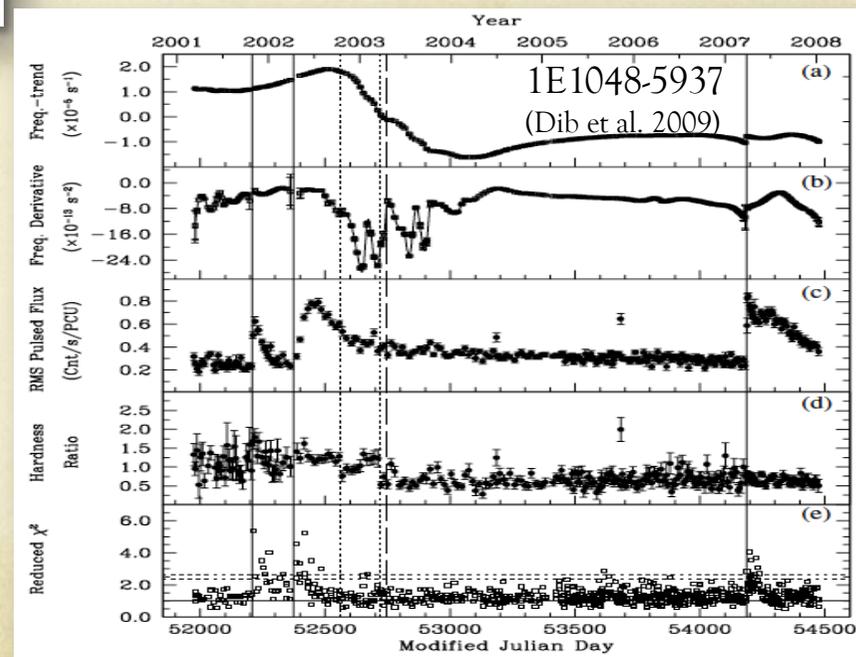
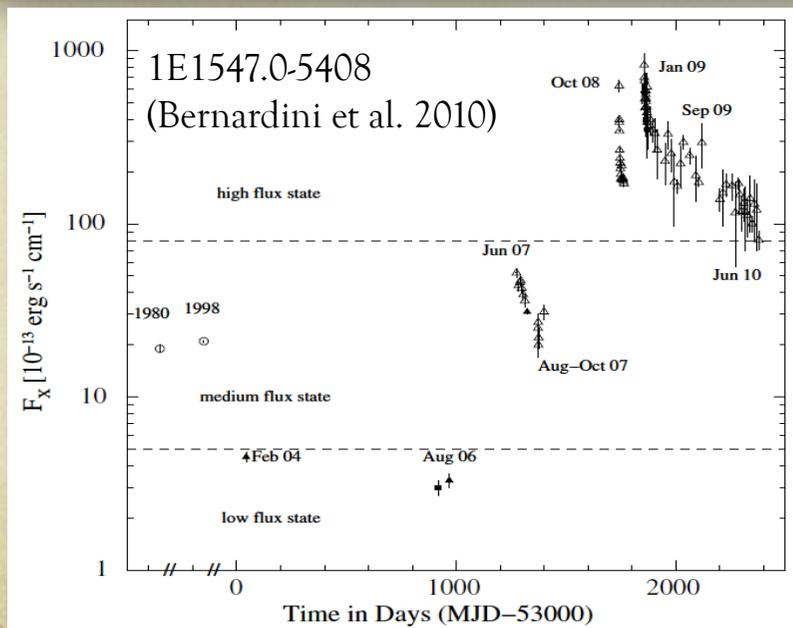
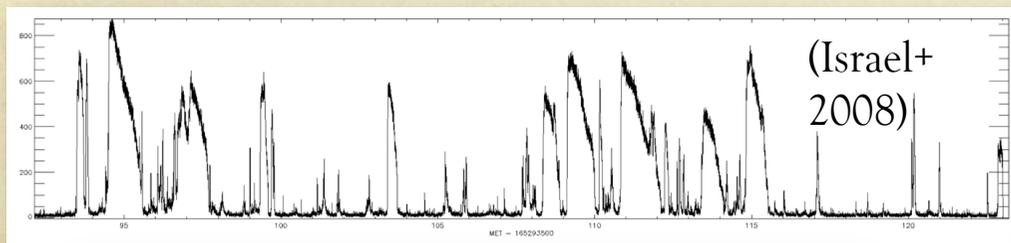
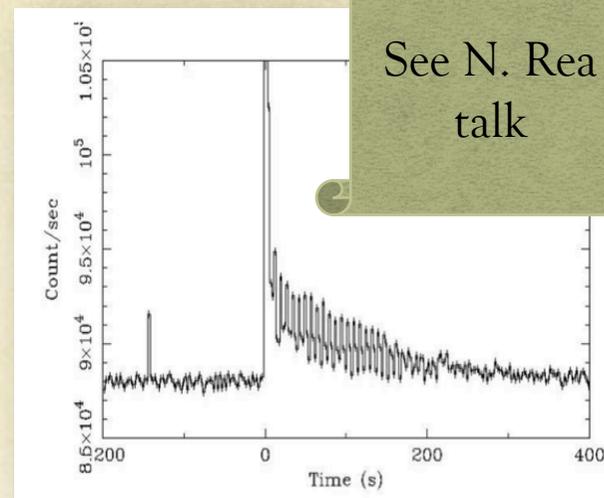
- cyclotron line from protons in small-scale loop with B from $\approx 2 \cdot 10^{14}$ to $\approx 2 \cdot 10^{15}$ G
wrt dipolar field $B \approx 6 \cdot 10^{12}$ G (Rea+ 2013)

4. Variability

X-ray variability in INS

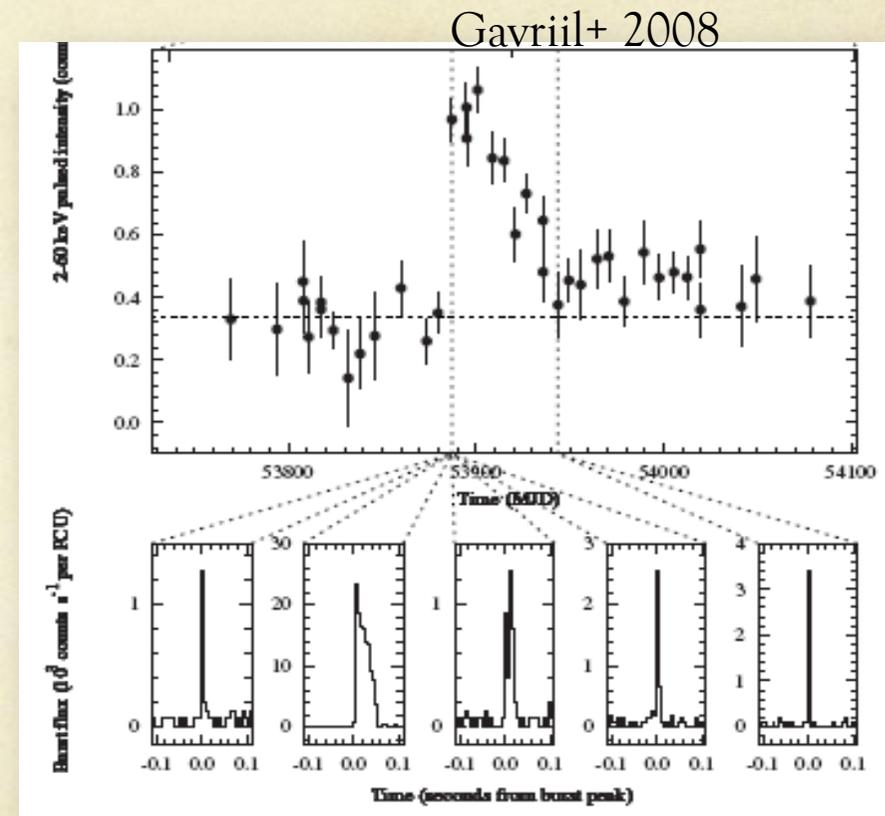
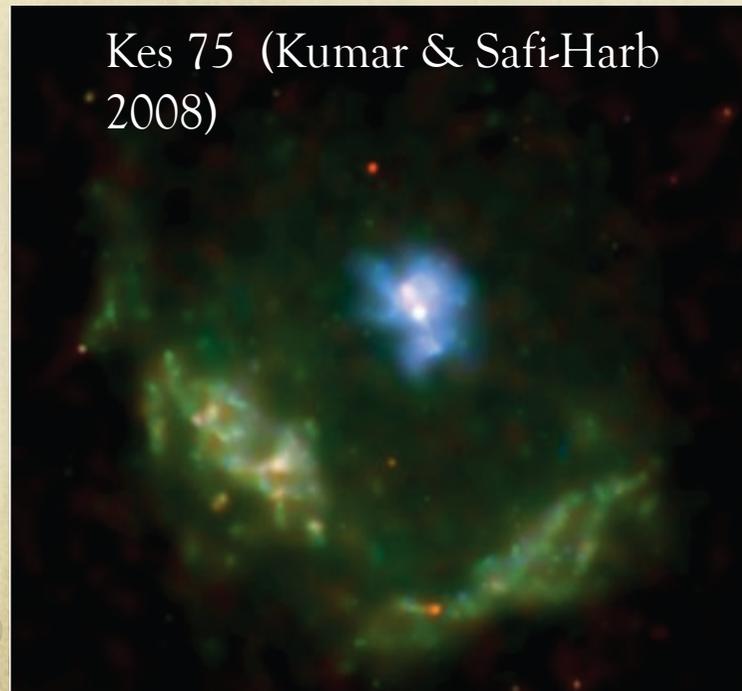
- Distinctive property of magnetars
 - bursts / flares
 - Transients / variable “persistent”

See N. Rea talk



X-ray variability in INS

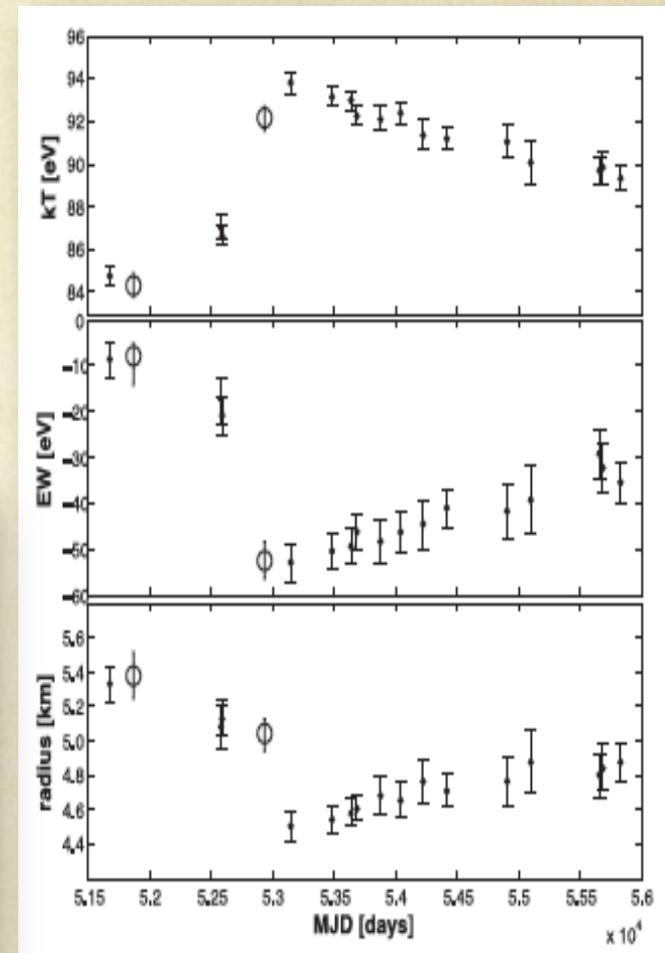
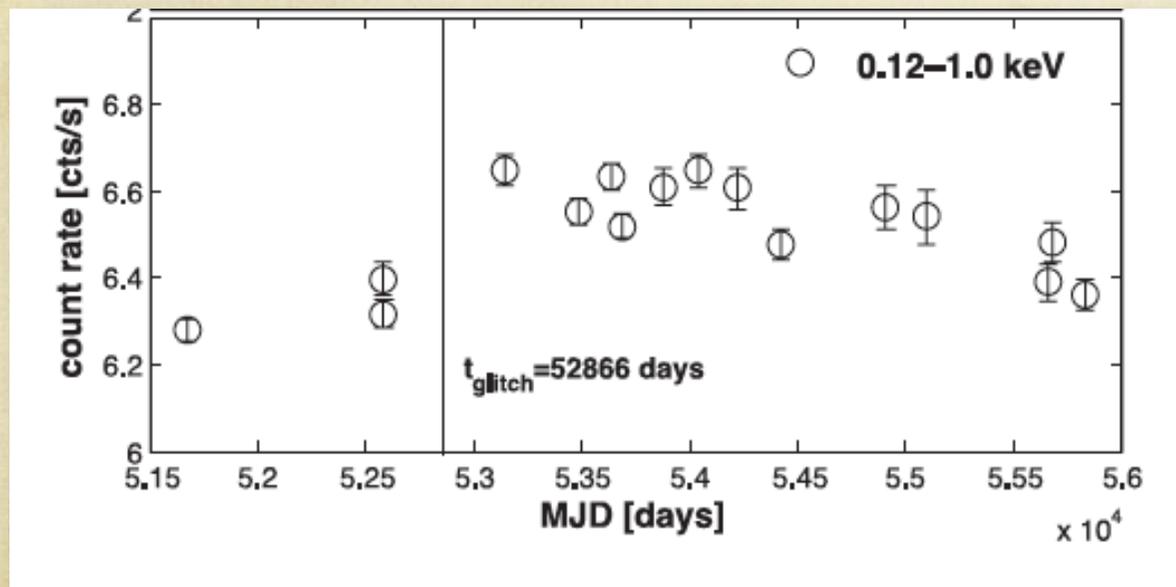
- Distinctive property of magnetars
 - bursts / flares
 - Transients / variable “persistent”
- Seen also in other NS of different classes, e.g.:
 - PSR J1846 (RPP)



X-ray variability in INS

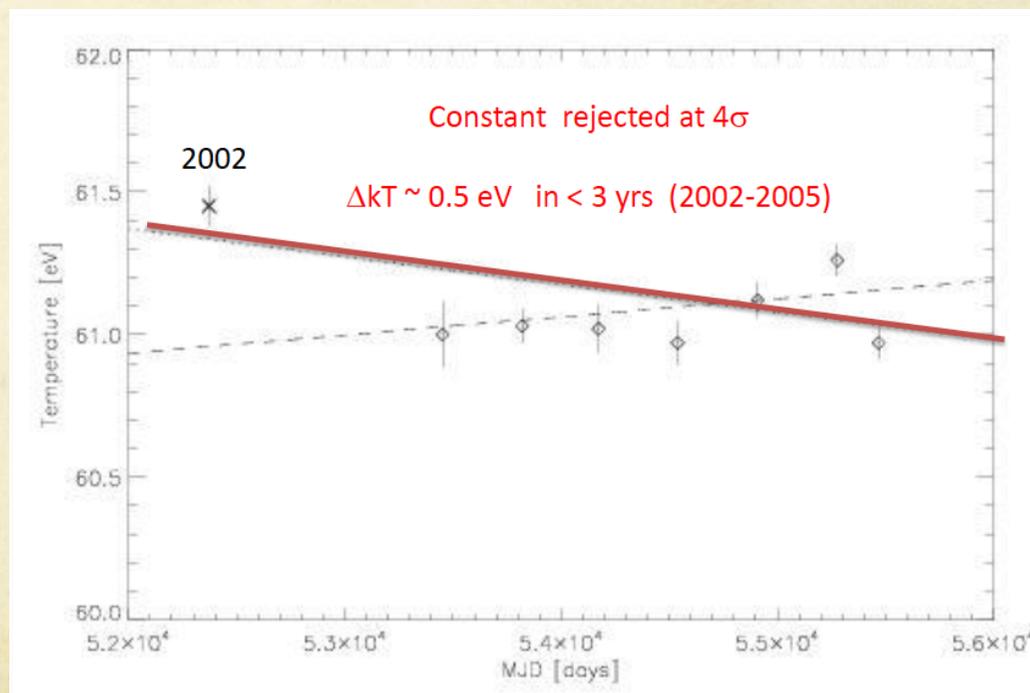
Hohle+ 2009, 2012

- Distinctive property of magnetars
 - bursts / flares
 - Transients / variable “persistent”
- Seen also in other NS of different classes, e.g.:
 - RXJ 0720 (XDINS)



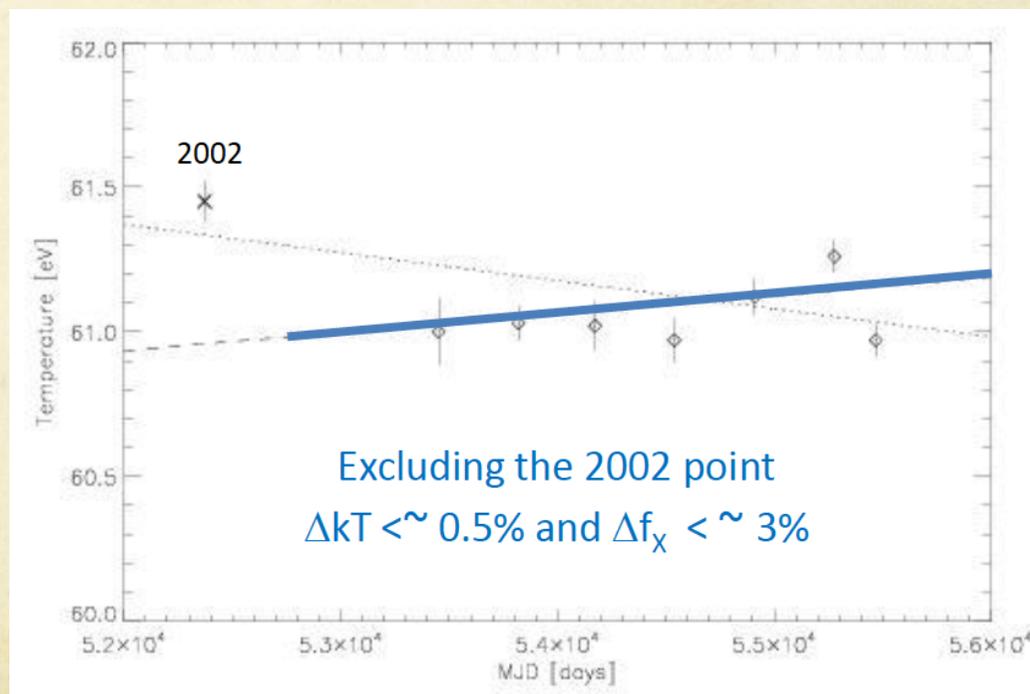
X-ray variability in INS

- RXJ 0720 is the only XDINS with confirmed variability
- Most other XDINS are fainter and/or less observed
- Except RX J1856 in which small temperature variations could be caused by calibration issues (Sartore+ 2012)



X-ray variability in INS

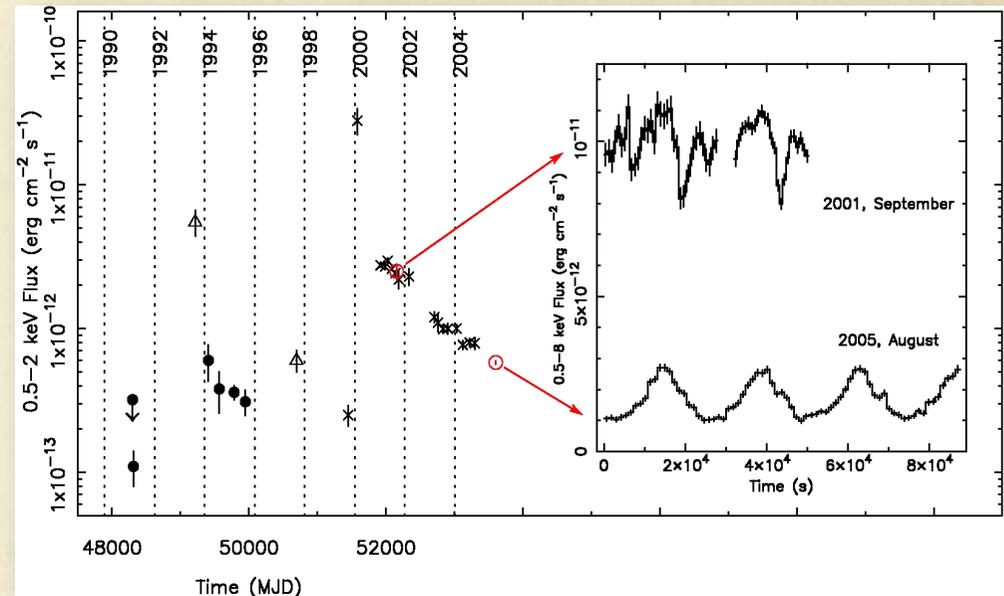
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X-ray variability in INS

- Distinctive property of magnetars
 - bursts / flares
 - Transients / variable “persistent”
- Variability seen also in NS of other different classes, e.g.:
 - PSR J1846 (RPP)
 - RXJ 0720 (XDINS)
 - RCW 103
- Possibly all related to dynamic manifestations of magnetic fields

Central source in RCW 103



De Luca+ 2006, 2008, Pizzolato+ 2008

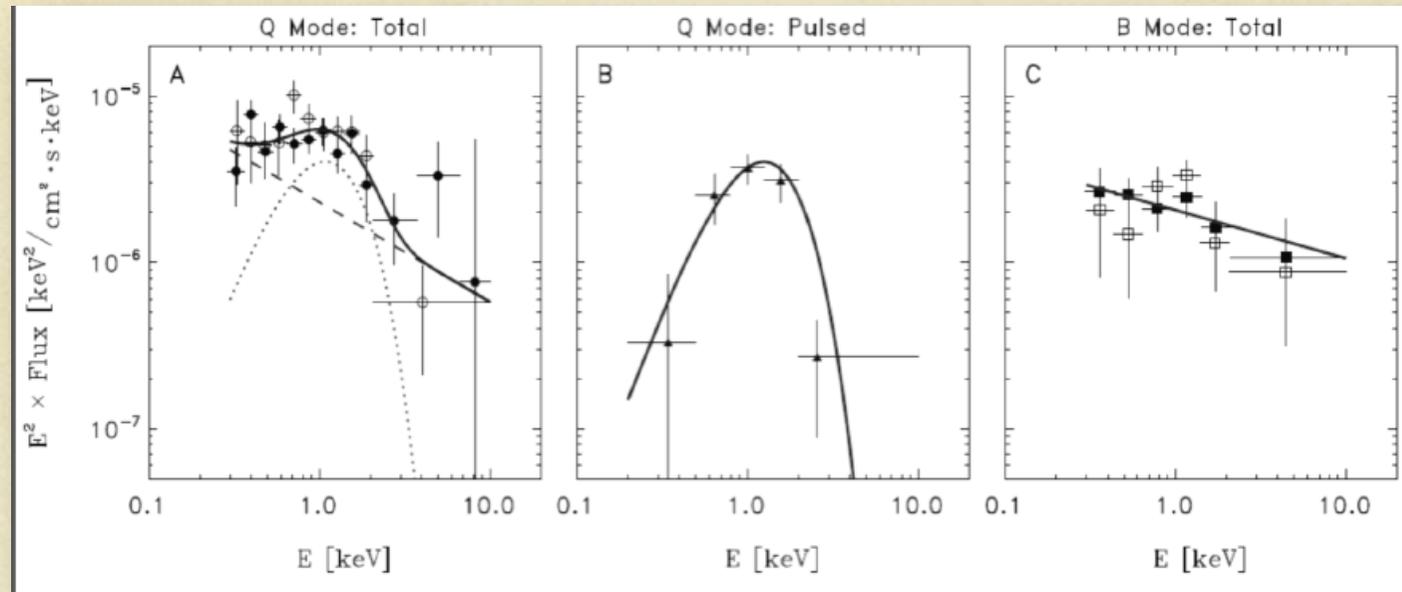
X-ray variability in INS

Mode-switching radio PSR B0943+10

Brigh mode: regularly drifting sub-pulses

Quiescent mode: sparse and caothic pulses

Hermsen+ 2013



X-ray properties change with radio mode suggesting global magnetospheric variations (Hermsen+ 2013)

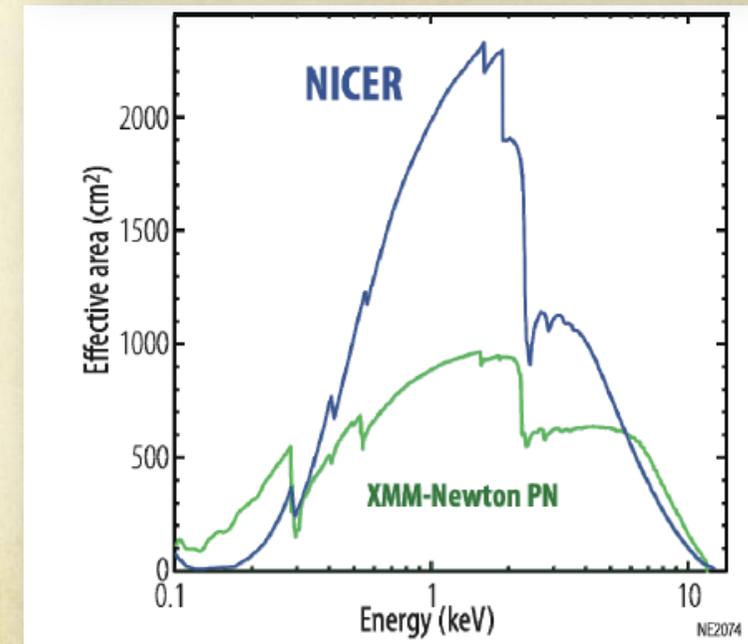
...but see Mereghetti+ 2013 for a different interpretation

See talks by
Hermsen and
Turolla

- ASTRO-H:
 - launch in 2015
 - soft and hard X-ray telescopes + different detectors to provide wide band coverage
 - Calorimeter: $\Delta E \approx 5 \text{ eV}$ in 0.3-10 keV band



- NICER: Neutron star Interior Composition ExploreR
 - on ISS in 2017
 - Mission devoted to NS timing +spectroscopy



A few final remarks

1. NON - THERMAL EMISSION

- *broad-band multi- λ approach fundamental,*
- *impressive progress in γ -ray band (models geometry, population)*

2. THERMAL EMISSION

- *observations-starved theoreticians...*

3. LINES

- *mostly elusive results, but things are changing*

4. VARIABILITY

- *magnetic activity not limited to magnetars*
- *new great diagnostic tool also for RPP*

5. (NEAR) FUTURE

- *try to get more time on XMM/Chandra...*
- *Astro-H 2015 ? - NICER 2017 ?*